

Mr.
Professor Lyubomir T. GRUYITCH *
Dipl. M. Eng., M. Sc. El. Eng., D. Sc., D. H. C.

Open public letter

Belfort, December 4, 1999

Mr.
H. Talbot D'ALEMBERTE, President
Florida State University
211 Westcott Building
Tallahassee, Florida 32306

Dear Mr. D'ALEMBERTE,

I learnt via the Internet that Mr. Stefan SCHMITT, employed at the Florida Department of Law Enforcement as a forensic anthropologist, has been trying to explain to students the internal affairs in my native land (ex S. F. R.) Yugoslavia and that he has been using inappropriate references such as "The Graves: Srebrenica and Vukovar" by Eric STOVER and Gillis PERVESS (1998). I also learnt that Mr. Stefan SCHMITT not only rejected to hear the truth and to present the facts to the students, but he undertook all means available to him to disqualify and punish a student who tried to present and explain the truth to the classmates.

The following facts must be appreciated if anybody wishes to speak truthfully about affairs in Yugoslavia:

- The constitutional right for a self-determination up to a separation was given exclusively to Yugoslav peoples. This means that no Yugoslav republic had a constitutional right to separate from Yugoslavia.
- A Croat became the President of the Presidency of Yugoslavia. A Croat was the Prime Minister of Yugoslavia. A Croat was the chief commander of Yugoslav Air Forces. Half Croat – half Serb was the Minister of the Defense of Yugoslavia. (1991/1992)
- The Federal Yugoslav Army had a constitutional obligation to guarantee the integrity of the territory of Yugoslavia. In the Army units there were always in majority soldiers from the republic where the unit was located. For example, Slovenian soldiers were in majority in the Army units in Slovenia. Serbian boys were in minority in those units. Nevertheless, occidental Governments and media accused the Serbs for not allowing to Slovenia to separate.
- Slovenian, Croatian, Muslim and Macedonian people decided at their referendums to separate them from Yugoslavia. Occidental Governments accepted and supported the unconstitutional separations of the republics where Slovenian, Croatian, Muslim and Macedonian people were in majority.
- Serbian people in Krayina, Slavoniya, Bosnia and Herzegovina, and Montenegrin people decided at their referendums to stay in Yugoslavia rather than to separate from Serbia and Montenegro. Occidental Governments ignored their referendums.
- Croatia had been in Yugoslavia the Republic of two constitutive nations: Croatian and Serbian. The Constitution of the new Republic of Croatia has recognized only Croatian nation as a constitutive nation. At the same time, when the constitution was changed, there were written messages to Serbian families on their houses in Slavoniya and Krayina to leave their properties if they wished to live. It was happening in the region where there had been the Nazi concentration camp Yasenovaz organized and led by the fascistic Independent State of Croatia during the Second World War. There had been tortured and massacred in Yasenovaz about 800 000 innocent civilians (from babies to old people), about 80% of whom had been Serbs, and others had been Jews and Romes (Gypsies). Serbs were there disappearing, e. g. in Vukovar 1990-1991. When Serbs, by following the result of the referendum, declared autonomy in their Parentland Krayina and Slavoniya in order not to separate from Yugoslavia, the Government of Croatia sent a bus with heavy-armed policemen against Serbs. Fighting between them started there the war. More than two hundred fifty thousands of Serbs were expelled from Krayina (1995).
- Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina was the republic of three constitutive peoples: Croatian, Muslim and Serbian people.

- Croatian paramilitary unit entered Bosanski Brod in Bosnia and was executing Serbs starting with the Mayor. The next day, equally paramilitary unit of the Muslim Government, joined them. Then they destroyed Serbian village Siyekovaz. At that period, the beginning of 1992, Muslims attacked a Serbian wedding by killing several persons. Then the war started in Bosnia and Herzegovina.
- About thousand Serbs were massacred in Srebreniza. Instead of informing about that, the occidental Governments and media were claiming that:
 - Serbs were putting Croats and Muslims in concentration camps, which was later proved false.
 - Serbs massacred about seven thousands of Muslims and Croats in Srebreniza, which was later proved false. Many of those declared massacred were later fighting against Serbs.
 - Serbs were accused for the massacre at the market Markale in Sarajevo, which was later proved false. Such a false claim was used as a justification for the bombardment of innocent civilian people of Republika Srpska.
- Albanian immigrants in the Southwest part of Serbia – Kosovo and Metohiya were terrorizing Serbian and other people since 1941 when Hitler together with Mussolini took Kosovo and Metohiya from Serbia and had established a Nazi state the Great Albania. Instead of informing about that terrorist process lasting half a century, occidental Governments and media have been accusing the Serbs. For example, they accused the Serbs for:
 - Massacre in Rachani, which has been proved false. The Serbs did not commit any massacre of any people including Albanian inhabitants; hence the Serbs did not commit the massacre in Rachani.
 - Mass graves of Albanian people in Kosovo and Metohiya, which has been proved false. There do not exist any such mass graves.
 The above false accusations against the Serbs were used as justification for the USA led NATO aggression against and the bombardment of the people of Serbia and Montenegro (1999).
 - The Serbs were accused for the mass exodus of Albanian people. It had not existed before the bombardment. It started only on the third day of the bombardment.
- Albanian terrorists have been continuing to massacre Serbian and other non-Albanian inhabitants in Kosovo and Metohiya even in the presence and under the protection of the K-FOR international troops.

In order to help educating honestly and truthfully the students of the Florida State University in the noble spirit of the people of the USA devoted to liberty, fairness, equal rights and democracy, who led successfully the humankind to destroy the fascism, I am also enclosing here copies of the following:

- Book entitled:
Kosovo and Metohija an Integral Part of the Republic of Serbia and FR of Yugoslavia –Documents and facts.
Editor N. Popovic, Published by “Sluzbeni glasnik”, Belgrade, 1995.
- Correspondence between Mr. Paul David WELLSTONE, United States Senator, and me.
- *Balkan Infos*, French monthly journal, editor Louis Dalmas, No. 38 (November) and No. 39 (December) 1999, address: Balkan Infos, BP 391, 75869 Paris Cedex, France.

Sincerely yours,

Lyubomir T. GRUYITCH
University Professor

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